

dates or by the presiding officer of the chief managing committee of their party in the city or county shall be sufficient evidence of the right of such challenger and watcher to be present in the registration or polling-room. In case any challenger or watcher does not produce such certificate, the judges of election shall recognize a challenger or watcher vouched for by the persons present belonging to such political party or by the judge representing such party. Such challenger and watcher shall have the right to remain in the polling-room outside the rail hereinafter mentioned from the time the polls are opened until they are closed, and after that time he shall be permitted to remain within the rail until the returns are completed. The refusal to permit any such challenger so to remain shall be a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both fine and imprisonment, but it shall be unlawful for any such challenger to inquire or ascertain for what candidate or candidates any voter may intend to vote or has voted, or to confer in the polling-room with any voter or to assist him in the preparation of his ballot, and any challenger offering or attempting to do so may lawfully be ejected by the judges and shall also be subject to the punishment hereinafter provided. A challenger or watcher may be removed at any time by the same person or committee or by the chairman of the committee which appointed him. Citizens other than accredited challengers or watchers who desire to challenge the vote of any person then inside the polling-room shall be permitted to enter said room for that purpose, but a majority of the judges may limit the number of persons to be allowed in the polling-room at any one time for such purpose, and all such persons shall leave the polling-room as soon as the right to vote of the person challenged by them shall have been decided.

An. Code, sec. 65. 1904, sec. 63. 1896, ch. 202, sec. 58.

**72.** Each clerk of election shall keep a poll-book containing a column headed "Number," and another headed "Name of Voter." All entries therein shall be made in ink, and the number and name of each person to whom a ballot is given shall be entered on each of the poll-books by the clerk having charge thereof in regular succession under the proper heading, the number of such voter being placed opposite his name in the column headed "Number," but if the vote of any person whose name has thus been entered on poll-books shall be afterwards rejected by the judges, the clerks shall thereupon draw a line through his name and number as hereinafter provided.

An. Code, sec. 66. 1904, sec. 64. 1896, ch. 202, sec. 59. 1922, ch. 225.

**73.** The Supervisors of Elections shall provide in each room designated by them as polling places a sufficient number of voting booths or compartments, in which voters may conveniently mark their ballots. Said booths or compartments shall be constructed of plank not less than one inch in thickness or of substantial metallic or other material and shall be of such width, depth and height that the voter in marking his ballot therein, shall be screened from the observations of others, and for this purpose a short